In the claims:

- 1. (original): A water-borne emulsion polymer comprising as copolymerized units the following monomers:
- (A) an ethylenically unsaturated monomer containing at least one amino group;
- (B) an ethylenically unsaturated monomer containing no amino group;
- (C) optionally a hydroxy- or alkoxyalkyl(meth)acrylate of the formula
 CH₂=CH(R¹)-COO-C_tH_{2t}-OR²
 wherein R¹ is hydrogen or methyl and R² is hydrogen or C₁-C₆alkyl and t is an integer of 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6;
- (D) a (poly)alkyleneglycolmono(meth)acrylate of the formula $\textbf{CH}_2 = \textbf{CH}(\textbf{R}^1) \textbf{COO} (\textbf{C}_m \textbf{H}_{2m} \textbf{O})_n \textbf{OR}^2$ wherein \textbf{R}^1 is hydrogen or methyl and \textbf{R}^2 is hydrogen or $\textbf{C}_1 \textbf{C}_6$ alkyl and m is an integer of 2 or 3 and n is an integer of 2 to 30.
- 2. (original): An emulsion polymer according to claim 1, wherein monomer (A) is an amino(meth)-acrylate, a vinylpyridine or a vinylimidazole.
- 3. (currently amended): An emulsion polymer according to claim 1-or-2, wherein monomer (A) is dimethylaminoethylmethacrylate, monomer (B) is styrene, monomer (C) is hydroxyethylmethacrylate and monomer (D) is methoxypolyethyleneglycol methacrylate.
- 4. (currently amended): An emulsion polymer according to any one of claim [[s]] 1 [[- 3]] comprising in addition another dispersant and/or a common additive.
- 5. (currently amended): An aqueous dispersion comprising The use of the emulsion polymer according to claim 1. as dispersing agent in aqueous systems.
- 6. (currently amended): The use of the emulsion polymer according to claim 1 as dispersant for organic and/or inorganic pigments in an aqueous medium; for A water-borne decorative paint [[s or]], water-borne coating [[s]] or to produce-Resin Free Pigment Concentrates (RFPC) for ultra low VOC coatings comprising the dispersion of claim 7.

- 7. (original): A pigment dispersion comprising at least one organic and/or inorganic pigment; water and/or a mixture of water and a water miscible solvent and an emulsion polymer according to claim 1.
- 8. (currently amended): A process for preparing a the water-borne emulsion polymer as defined in of claim 1, which process comprises the steps of:
- (i) mixing the monomers (A), (B), (C), (D) and an initiator (E); or mixing the monomers (A), (B), (C),
- (D), water and an initiator (E) to establish a premix;
- (ii) adding the premix into water containing an initiator (E),
- (iii) polymerizing the premix to the emulsion polymer.
- 9. (currently amended): A process for preparing a-the water-borne emulsion polymer as defined in of claim 1, which process comprises the steps of
- (i) mixing the monomers (A), (B), (C), (D), water, an initiator (E) and a surfactant (F) to establish a premix;
- (ii) adding the premix into water containing an initiator (E) and a surfactant (F),
- (iii) polymerizing the premix to the emulsion polymer; or the steps of
- i) mixing the monomers (A), (B), (C), (D), water, an initiator (E), a surfactant (F) and a chain transfer agent (G) to establish a premix;
- (ii) adding the premix into water containing an initiator (E) and a surfactant (F)
- (iii) polymerizing the premix to the emulsion polymer.
- 10. (currently amended): A water-borne emulsion polymer obtained obtainable by a process according to claim 8. 9 or 10.
- 11. (new): An emulsion polymer according to claim 2 comprising in addition another dispersant and/or a common additive.
- 12. (new): An emulsion polymer according to claim 3 comprising in addition another dispersant and/or a common additive.
- 13. (new): A water-borne emulsion polymer obtainable by a process according to claim 9.